SENATE FILE (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY BILL BY CO=CHAIRPERSONS KREIMAN AND MILLER)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays _	
	A	pproved				

A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to civil actions involving victims of sexual abuse and pornography.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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Section 1. NEW SECTION. 728A.1 SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as "The Sexual 3 Abuse and Pornography Victims Compensation Act" 1

Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 728A.2 FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- The state has a legitimate interest in restricting the 6 availability and dissemination of obscene material, if there is a danger of harm or actual harm to individuals or society 8 such as the sexual exploitation of children by child 9 pornography, the invasion of privacy and the home by indecent 1 10 broadcasts, or the promotion of sexual abuse and sexual 1 11 homicide by violent sexual material.
- 1 12 2. Sexual crimes often leave lifelong psychological scars 13 that may prevent the victim and the victim's family from 1 14 leading normal lives.
 1 15 3. The state has a legitimate interest in protecting its
- 1 16 citizens, especially children, from sexual crimes and in 1 17 preventing such crimes through reasonable, effective, and 1 18 constitutional means.
- 4. The state has a legitimate interest in providing 20 adequate compensation to the victims of sexual crimes for 1 21 their physical injuries, including costs associated with 1 22 medical and psychological treatment and continuing pain and 23 suffering.

- Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 728A.3 DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this chapter, "material", "minor", "obscene 1 26 material", "sadomasochistic abuse", and "sex act" mean the 1 27 same as defined in section 728.1.
 1 28 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 728A.4 CIVIL CAUSE OF ACTION.
- 1. A victim of sexual abuse as defined in section 709.1, a 30 representative of the estate of such a victim, or the guardian 31 or survivors of such a victim may seek civil relief or damages 1 32 against a producer, distributor, exhibitor, or seller of 33 obscene material pursuant to this chapter regardless of 34 whether the offense has been prosecuted or proven in a 35 separate criminal proceeding.
 - 2. To recover pursuant to this section, a plaintiff must prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, all of the 3 following:
 - a. The victim was a victim of sexual abuse as defined in 5 section 709.1 regardless of whether the offense has been prosecuted or proven in a separate criminal proceeding.
 - b. The material is obscene material.
- The material was a proximate cause of the offense, by 2 9 influencing or inciting the offender to commit the offense 2 10 perpetrated against the victim or by enticing the victim to 11 participate in the offense.
- 2 12 d. The defendant is a producer or distributor of the 2 13 material, or exhibited or sold the material to the sexual 2 14 offender.
- e. The producer, distributor, exhibitor, or seller of the

2 16 material knew or should have known that such material was 2 17 obscene material.

- 3. For purposes of this chapter, the finder of fact may 2 19 reasonably infer that the obscene material was a proximate 2 20 cause of the offense, by influencing or inciting the offender 2 21 to commit the offense or by enticing the victim to participate 22 in the offense, if any of the following are found:
- Unusual similarities between the acts described or 2 24 depicted in such material and the actual offense.
- b. Testimony of the offender that such material influenced 2.5 26 or incited the commission of the offense or enticed the victim to participate in the offense. 2 27 2 28
- Testimony by an expert that such material influenced or 29 incited the offender to commit the offense or enticed the 2 30 victim to participate in the offense.

Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 728A.5 RELIEF.

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A victim of sexual abuse as defined in section 709.1, a 33 representative of the estate of such a victim, or the guardian 34 or survivors of such a victim may recover economic damages or 35 obtain other appropriate relief, including injunctive or other 1 equitable relief. If the person is the prevailing party, the 2 person shall be awarded court costs, reasonable attorney fees, 3 and expert witness fees which shall be taxed as part of the 4 costs of the action.

Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 728A.6 LIMITATION OF ACTIONS. An action for damages for injury suffered as a result of a violation of this chapter shall be brought within six years after the right of action first accrued, except that such limitation shall be extended in favor of persons with mental 3 10 illness and minors pursuant to section 614.8.

Sec. 7. Section 728.6, Code 2005, is amended to read as follows:

728.6 CIVIL SUIT TO DETERMINE OBSCENITY.

Whenever the county attorney of any county If the attorney general has reasonable cause to believe that any person is 3 16 engaged or plans to engage in the dissemination or exhibition 3 17 of obscene material within the county attorney's county to any 3 18 person, including minors, the county attorney attorney general 3 19 may institute a civil proceeding in the district court of the 3 20 county <u>on behalf of the state</u> to enjoin the dissemination or 3 21 exhibition of obscene material to <u>any person</u>, <u>including</u> 3 22 minors. Such application for injunction is optional and not 3 23 mandatory and shall not be construed as a prerequisite to 3 24 criminal prosecution for a violation of this chapter. EXPLANATION

This bill relates to civil actions involving victims of 3 27 pornography and creates the pornography victims compensation 28 Act.

The bill provides that a victim of sexual abuse as defined 3 30 in Code chapter 709, a representative of the estate of any 31 such victim, or the guardian or survivors of any such victim 32 may seek civil relief or damages against a producer, 3 33 distributor, exhibitor, or seller of obscene material 34 regardless of whether the offense has been prosecuted or 35 proven in a separate criminal proceeding.

The bill provides that to recover damages, a plaintiff must 2 prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the victim was 3 a victim of sexual abuse as defined in Code chapter 709 4 regardless of whether the offense has been prosecuted or 5 proven in a separate criminal proceeding, that the material 6 used was obscene material and was a proximate cause of the offense by influencing or inciting the offender to commit the 8 offense perpetrated against the victim or by enticing the 9 victim to participate in the offense, that the defendant is a 4 10 producer or distributor of the material, or exhibited or sold 4 11 the material to the sexual offender, and that the producer, 4 12 distributor, exhibitor, or seller of the material knew or 4 13 should have known that such material was obscene material. 4 14 The bill provides that the fact finder may reasonably infer 4 15 that the obscene material was a proximate cause of the offense 4 16 by influencing or inciting the offender to commit the offense 4 17 or by enticing the victim to participate in the offense if 4 18 unusual similarities between the acts described or depicted in 4 19 such material and the actual offense are found, if the sexual 20 offender testifies that such material influenced or incited 21 the commission of the offense or enticed the victim to 4 22 participate in the offense, or if expert testimony provides 23 that such material influenced or incited the sexual offender 24 to commit the offense or enticed the victim to participate in 4 25 the offense.

The bill provides that a victim of sexual abuse as defined

4 27 in Code section 709.1, a representative of the estate of any 4 28 such victim, or the guardian or survivors of any such victim 4 29 may recover economic damages or obtain other appropriate 30 relief including injunctive or other equitable relief. 4 31 person is the prevailing party, the person shall be awarded 32 court costs, reasonable attorney fees, and expert witness fees 33 which shall be taxed as part of the costs of the action. The 34 bill requires that such an action be brought within six years 35 after the right of action first accrued, except that such 1 limitation shall be extended in favor of persons with mental 5 illness and minors.

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For purposes of the bill, "material" means any book, 4 magazine, newspaper or other printed or written material or 5 any picture, drawing, photograph, motion picture, or other 6 pictorial representation or any statue or other figure, or any 7 recording, transcription or mechanical, chemical or electrical 5 8 reproduction or any other articles, equipment, machines or 5 9 materials; "minor" means any person under the age of eighteen; 5 10 "obscene material" means any material depicting or describing 11 the genitals, sex acts, masturbation, excretory functions or 12 sadomasochistic abuse which the average person, taking the 5 13 material as a whole and applying contemporary community 5 14 standards with respect to what is suitable material for 5 15 minors, would find appeals to the prurient interest and is 5 16 patently offensive; and the material, taken as a whole, lacks 5 17 serious literary, scientific, political or artistic value; 5 18 "sadomasochistic abuse" means the infliction of physical or 5 19 mental pain upon a person or the condition of a person being 5 20 fettered, bound or otherwise physically restrained; and "sex 5 21 act" means any sexual contact, actual or simulated, either 5 22 natural or deviate, between two or more persons, or between a 5 23 person and an animal, by penetration of the penis into the 5 24 vagina or anus, or by contact between the mouth or tongue and 25 genitalia or anus, or by contact between a finger of one 26 person and the genitalia of another person or by use of 5 27 artificial sexual organs or substitutes therefore in contact 28 with the genitalia or anus.

The bill authorizes the attorney general to file a civil 5 30 injunctive action to enjoin the dissemination or exhibition of 31 obscene material to any person, including minors, upon 32 reasonable case to believe that any person is engaged or plans 33 to engage in the dissemination or exhibition of such obscene 34 material. Current law allows a county attorney to file a 35 civil injunctive action to enjoin the dissemination or 1 exhibition of obscene material to minors within the county 2 attorney's county.

The bill makes certain findings relating to the legitimate 4 interest of the state in restricting the availability and 5 dissemination of obscene material and in providing adequate 6 compensation to the victims of sexual crimes for their 7 physical injuries, including costs associated with medical and 8 psychological treatment and pain and suffering. 9 LSB 5485XC 81 6 10 rh:rj/je/5